

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, GAYA

WORKSHEET-1

Subject : Social Science

Class : IX

I. Choose the correct answer :

1. When did the French revolution begin?
a) 15 July,1789 b) 14 July,1789 c)16 July,1789 d) 18July,1789
2. Apartheid was the name of a system of racial discrimination unique to:
a) South America b) South Africa c) Zimbabwe d) England
3. Which of the following is working capital?
a) raw materials b) money c) tools d) both a and b
4. Which of the following is an artificial lake located in Andhra Pradesh?
a) Kolleru b) Nagarjuna Sagar
c) Krishnaraja Sagar d) Vembanad
5. Which body of the UN works like a parliament?
a) General Assembly b) Security Council
c) International Court of Justice d) International Labour Organisation
6. Investment in human capital includes expenditure on:
a) education b) training c) healthcare d) all of these

II. Answer the following questions :

1. The French philosophers of the 18th century greatly influenced the people and it led to the French revolution. Comment.
2. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:
“News of the revolutionary uprising of October 25, 1917 reached the village the following day and was greeted with enthusiasm; to the peasants it meant free land and an end to the war. ...The day the news arrived, the landowner’s manor house was looted, his stock farms were ‘requisitioned’ and his vast orchard was cut down and sold to the peasants for wood; all his far buildings were torn down and left in ruins while the land was distributed among the peasants who were prepared to live the new Soviet life.”
 - (i) Why was the uprising of October 25, 1917 greeted with enthusiasm by the peasants?
 - ii) What changes were enforced by the Bolsheviks after the October Revolution?
3. Hitler was fanatically interested in the youth of the country. He felt that a strong Nazi society could be established only by teaching children Nazi ideology“. Explain the steps taken by Hitler to achieve this aim.
4. How can we say that during colonial period the development of railways in India was synonymous to deforestation in India?

5. The central location of India at the head of the Indian Ocean is considered of great significance. Support your answer with three reasons?
6. The physiographic divisions of India are complementary to each other. Justify the statement.
7. Discuss the significant difference between the Himalayan and the Peninsular rivers.
8. Explain the Ganga Action Plan (GAP).
9. What do you understand by the term 'burst of monsoon'? What are the two branches of Indian monsoon?
10. What is the reason, which makes cyclones very destructive in area of Bay of Bengal during early November?
11. Why are the southern slopes of the Himalayan region covered in thick vegetation as compared to the northern slopes of the same hills?
12. Name the few eco-developmental projects which government of India has started to protect the wild life?
13. Why do the developed countries have more people engaged in secondary and tertiary sector as compared to primary sector?
14. "There is no single world government." Give two examples to justify the statement that there are many institutions in the world that perform the functions of such a government"?
15. "A democratic government rules within the limits set by constitutional law and citizens' rights". Explain.
16. Women have the right to vote and contest in the elections for different legislative and executive posts. The number of women members in Lok Sabha has never been more than 10 per cent. Under which fundamental right, this becomes possible?
17. What is significance of the constitution? Highlight the political rights granted to the people of South Africa with the adoption of the new constitution.
18. Media reflects the electoral process but in doing so they also cover the various unfair practices at the time of elections. Mention at least four such practices.
19. "Scope of rights is expanding." Illustrate this statement with the example of South African Constitution.
20. Why is educated unemployment a peculiar problem to India?
21. On an outline map of India locate and label the following:
 - A. The state having the highest sex ratio.
 - B. The state having the lowest density of population.
 - C. A wild life sanctuary in Assam.
 - D. A national Park in Uttaranchal.
 - E. Area receiving less than 20 cm of rainfall in Rajasthan.
 - F. A river flowing through Tibet.